IN THE CLAIMS

Amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-44 (Canceled).

- 45. (new) An HCV antibody specifically recognizing a type 3 HCV antigen selected from the group consisting of:
- (i) an antigen consisting of 5 or more contiguous amino acids selected from the region spanning positions 140 to 319 of the Core/E1 region of HCV type 3a,
- (ii) an antigen consisting of 5 or more contiguous amino acids selected from the region spanning positions 1556 to 1650 of the NS3/4 region of HCV type 3a,
- (iii) an antigen consisting of 5 or more contiguous amino acids selected from the region spanning positions 1632 to 1764 of the NS3/4 region of HCV type 3a,
- (iv) an antigen consisting of 5 or more contiguous amino acids selected from the region spanning positions 1556 to 1764 of the NS3/4 region of HCV type 3a,
- (v) an antigen consisting of 5 or more contiguous amino acids selected from the region spanning positions 1 to 115 of the Core region of HCV type 3c; and
- (vi) an antigen consisting of 5 or more contiguous amino acids selected from the region spanning positions 2661 to 2753 of the NS5B region of HCV type 3c;

wherein any of the antigens in (i) to (iv) contains at least one HCV genotype 3a-specific amino acid or wherein any of the antigens in (v) or (vi) contains at least one HCV genotype 3c-specific amino acid.

46. (new) The HCV antibody according to claim 45 wherein said antigen is

consisting of 5 or more contiguous amino acids selected from

- (i) the region spanning positions 140 to 319 of the Core/E1 region of HCV type 3a identified by SEQ ID NOs: 14, 16, 18, 20, 24,
- (ii) the region spanning positions 1556 to 1650 of the NS3/4 region of HCV type 3a identified by SEQ ID NO:30,
- (iii) the region spanning positions 1632 to 1764 of the NS3/4 region of HCV type 3a identified by SEQ ID NOs:32, 36,
- (iv) the region spanning positions 1556 to 1764 of the NS3/4 region of HCV type 3a identified by SEQ ID NO:223,
- (v) the region spanning positions 1 to 115 of the Core region of HCV type 3c identified by SEQ ID NO:148, and
- (vi) the region spanning positions 2661 to 2753 of the NS5B region of HCVtype 3c identified by SEQ ID NO:150,

wherein any of the antigens in (i) to (iv) contains at least one HCV genotype 3a-specific amino acid or wherein any of the antigens in (v) or (vi) contains at least one HCV genotype 3c-specific amino acid.

- 47. (new) The HCV antibody according to claim 45 which has been produced upon immunization of a mammal with any of said antigens.
- 48. (new) The HCV antibody according to claim 45 which is a monoclonal antibody.

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- 49. (new) A humanized version of an HCV antibody according to claim 48.
- 50. (new) The humanized version of an HCV antibody according to claim 49 which is being humanized by means of recombinant DNA technology.
- 51. (new) The HCV antibody according to claim 45 which is further comprising a label.
- 52. (new) The HCV antibody according to claim 51 wherein said label is of the enzymatic, fluorescent or radioactive type.
 - 53. (new) A composition comprising an HCV antibody according to claim 45.
- 54. (new) A kit for determining the presence of HCV antigens present in a biological sample, said kit comprising:
 - (a) at least one HCV antibody according to claim 45,
- (b) a buffer enabling the binding reaction between an HCV antibody of (a) and an HCV antigen present in said biological sample; or components necessary for producing said buffer,
- (c) a means for detecting the immune complexes formed between an HCV antibody of (a) and an HCV antigen present in said biological sample.
 - 55. (new) A kit for determining the presence of HCV antigens present in a

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biological sample, said kit comprising at least one HCV antibody according to claim 45.

- 56. (new) A method for determining the presence of HCV antigens present in a biological sample, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting said biological sample with at least one HCV antibody according to claim 45,
 - (b) detecting the immune complexes formed in (a),
- (c) inferring from (b) the presence of said HCV antigens in said biological sample.